

Encapsulation and release characteristics of glibenclamide loaded calcium-alginate beads

Dalia Charles-Navarro^I; Virgilio Bocanegra-García^I; Isidro Palos^I; Gildardo Rivera^{I,*}; Patricia Esquivel-Ferriño^{II}; Sandra Gracia-Vásquez^{II}; Rolffy Ortiz-Andrade^{III}; Jesús Quiroz-Velásquez^{IV}; José Luis Hernández-Mendoza^{IV}

^IDepartamento de Farmacia y Química Medicinal, Universidad Autónoma de Tamaulipas, Reynosa, México

^{II}Departamento de Biofarmacia, Universidad Autónoma de Nuevo León, San Nicolás de los Garza, México

^{III}Facultad de Química, Universidad Autónoma de Yucatán, Mérida, México

^{IV}Centro de Biotecnología Genómica, Instituto Politécnico Nacional, Reynosa, México

ABSTRACT

The aims of this study were to formulate calcium-alginate beads containing glibenclamide, characterize the resulting microparticles, evaluate the release characteristics of this type of delivery system in an *in vitro* dissolution test, and compare it with two commercially available trademarks (Daonil[®] and Glibetab[®]). We obtained glibenclamide loaded calcium-alginate beads with a rough surface and a particle size between 150-200 μm . For the *in vitro* dissolution test Daonil[®] at 45 min showed a $Q > 70\%$, whereas Glibetab[®] and glibenclamide calcium-alginate beads a $Q < 70\%$; in spite of that glibenclamide calcium-alginate beads showed significant release properties.